



Accelerating queries of set data types with GIN, GiST, and custom indexing extensions

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- Come up as a model of various real-world data
- Not available as such in PostgreSQL, but
 - Use the keys of JSONB or hstore as set elements: SELECT '{"elem1": 1, "elem2": 2, "elem3": 1}'::json;
 - Use sorted arrays:

```
SELECT '{3,11,17,29}';
```





create extension intarray;

- Overlap SELECT '{5,17,23}'::int[] && '{3,11,17,29}'::int[];
- Subset SELECT '{17,23}'::int[] && '{3,23,29}'::int[];
- **Union** SELECT '{}'::int[] | '{1,3,5}'::int[];
- Intersection SELECT '{2}'::int[] & '{1,2,3}'::int[];







- Typical techniques
 - "inverted file" = inverted index (see RUM talk), with:
 - elements as keys, sets as indexed columns
 - Very good for accelerating single-element overlap
 - Available for intarray, JSONB, hstore
 - RD-Trees
 - Useful for superset queries
 - Available for intarray via GiST



Evaluation

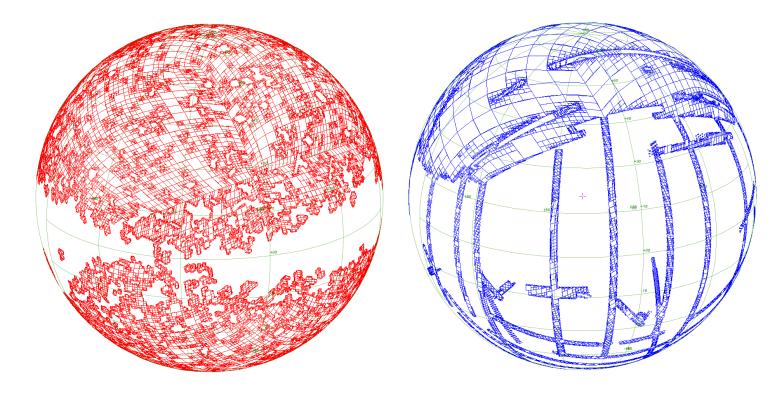


- Built-in or 'contrib' features sufficient for most uses
 - Small to medium-sized sets
 - Index support is there
- Limitations
 - All set operations must load the whole set from disk
 - AFAIK, being worked on for JSONB
 - May be inefficient for domain-specific set types





Sky coverage of astronomical surveys





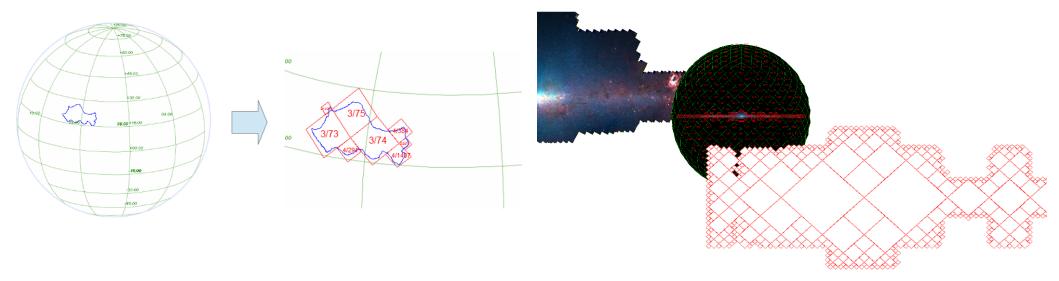


- Sky coverage sets may very detailed, i. e., large
- Fast response times for public data required
- Domain-specific standard (IVOA MOC, Healpix-based)
 - "multi-order coverage"
- Many astronomical on-line databases use PostgreSQL





- Run-length compression for spatial locality
 - Nearby sky elements encoded as interval of 2 numbers





Custom data type



- $\{[2, 6) [17, 30) [33, 40) [123, 124) [332, 438)\}$
- Set of intervals of integers
 - = boundaries at finest level of resolution
 - Non-overlapping
 - Stored in sorted order
- Typical operations
 - Subset for single numbers (points) or sets
 - Set overlap





- Loading a whole sky map just for one point is inefficient
- Use sliced access of on-disk "TOAST" data
- Serialise each sky map B-tree-like
 - read-only
 - Page size = TOAST fragment size
- Write once means:
 - No space wasted, tree is nicely balanced
 - No penalty for full sequential access





- Ordinary, element-wise inverted indexes impossible
- ...but using intervals as keys would do the trick

sorted intervals	sets of pointers to sky maps
[17, 30)	{ obj7, obj11 }
[843, 2577)	{ obj2, obj108 , obj109 }
[5756, 9433)	{ obj108 , obj732, obj11030 }

. . .



Sky map indexing



- Intervals-as-keys
 - must not overlap, else inefficient
 - \Rightarrow implementation with GIN impossible
- RUM to the rescue!
 - usable as installable index extension
 - PostgreSQL license
 - must be somewhat modified...



Project "OUZO"



- As of yet undisclosed inverted acronym
- Relatively high-level extension of RUM
 - Complete reuse of concurrent B-tree code
 - for entry tree as well as for posting trees
 - Will be backward compatible
- Generic for any kind of interval key type
 - and entry type
- Nearing completion





OUZO: key changes to RUM



- Insertion to the index must split the intervals-as-keys
 - of the inserted sky map
 - and all preexisting keys
- B-tree scan requires 'lower bound' search
 - For insertion and for queries
- Additional support functions for the operator class





Insertion interval split example

- To insert: interval [96,128) of obj108
- Index before:

[32, 128)	{ obj7, obj11 }
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• Index after insertion:

[32, 96)	{ obj7, obj11 }
[96, 128)	{ obj7, obj11, obj108 }

One of 13 possible cases





- At most 3 intervals must be changed at the same time
 - locking stops other backends to modifying entry tree
- 'Long' intervals are inserted on step at a time
 - Release locks after each elementary step
 - Should give decent concurrency
- Not tested yet







- Return exact match of start of interval or next higher
 - RUM only uses exact match so far
 - Existing implementation 'almost' gives lower bounds
- Allows much code reuse
 - RUM features C-style object orientation for its B-trees
 - Re-implement 2 methods: 'find in tree / leaf page'





- Specified in 'create operator class' DDL instruction
 - makes indexes usable for specific data types
- internal get_left_boundary(interval)
- internal get_right_boundary(interval)
- int compare_boundaries(internal, internal)
- interval make_interval(internal, internal)
 - 'internal' : basically opaque pointers to boundaries





Thank you for listening!

Questions?

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